

# REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT 1991



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There have been, I suspect, a few times in each of our lives when we have imagined we would welcome the opportunity to look into the future. Will I and my loved ones still be alive and well ten years from now? Will my job and place of residence still be the same as they are today? Will my mate, or significant other, be the same person with whom I now embrace the more personal aspects of my life? Will my general well-being be improved, about the same, or worse? Will the world be a better place in which to live, or will it be more polluted, more threatened than it is now by human desecration and despoliation? These are the kinds of questions most of us ponder when looking beyond the present moment and contemplating what lies in store for us in the years ahead.

But were we, in fact, provided the possibility of looking into the future, I wonder just how many of us would be willing to accept that opportunity. For the future can often be quite devastating, especially when focused on individual lives and personal relationships. Most of us, I suspect, prefer the opportunity to *mold* the future rather than to *know* it. For to know the future without also knowing how we got there seems a violation of our freedom to choose and act.

Obviously, there are a number of things that are predictable in a general sense. Yes, we shall all someday surely die and we shall undoubtedly forever pay taxes. But *how we live* and *how we act* can also influence, mold, and alter what the future may hold, for good or for ill. And it is that notion that is at the heart of what The Humane Society of the United States is all about.

We are an agent of change, a molder of the future, a body of people dedicated to the conviction that it *is* possible to change the status quo for the better and usher in a day when the abuse, suffering, and exploitation of animals will be greatly reduced and in some cases eliminated altogether. That day is both tomorrow and next year as well as many years into that not-yet-determined future.

But it is also the day just passed, the year just completed. It is a mission in progress and in some cases a mission accomplished. And it is that story that this report in large measure seeks to tell.

In the pages which follow my personal contribution to this report, you will read of the work undertaken and accomplished by the various divisions, sections, and departments of The HSUS. It is indeed an exciting story, for we are an organization effecting change and altering conditions which impact significantly on the well-being of animals. We are also an organization which has come to understand that its mission is not one-dimensional, but is inextricably linked to a concern for the well-being of the planet on which we reside as well as

for all creatures, both human and non-human, who inhabit its environs. To be concerned for the well-being of animals is to be concerned for the sanctity of life itself. As Albert Schweitzer once said, "All life is one..."

Without reiterating what has been said in the reports which follow, let me highlight a few of the more important happenings and trends currently taking place within the broad scope of the program and activities of The HSUS.

I am happy to report that during this past year our voting membership has increased from 397,385 to 458,378 persons. During that same period, the total number of persons who in one way or another are directly associated with The HSUS has grown from 1,183,425 to 1,455,385. Likewise the income which makes possible our many programs and activities increased by approximately \$3,536,000 during 1990 as compared with 1989. The totals for 1991 are not known but, at this moment, appear to be on the way to setting yet another record high. And, if approved by the Board of Directors, the budget projected for 1992 will necessitate an even greater income than that projected for this current year.

We can be proud of these accomplishments at a time when several similar organizations are facing severe cutbacks. At the same time, we are quite mindful that we are living in an unstable economic climate and for us to continue the pattern of growth and expansion experienced during the past several years, we shall have to continue to demonstrate and promote the

effectiveness and validity of our programs and activities.

I am especially pleased to report that we are still actively pursuing our three major campaigns which address these critical concerns: the overpopulation of companion animals (*Be a P.A.L.*); the buying and wearing of fur products (*Shame of Fur*); and the promotion of personal care products not tested on animals (*Beautiful Choice*). Each of these campaigns has been widely acknowledged by the media and is contributing significantly to the success of our efforts in responding to these important issues.

In April of this year, I announced at an HSUS regional conference in New Jersey a major new initiative being launched by The HSUS to complement and extend our current *Be a P.A.L. -- Prevent A Litter* campaign. This new campaign titled *Until There Are None -- Adopt One* urges those persons currently seeking a pet to adopt an animal from a humane society or animal control shelter rather than purchasing one from a pet store or breeder. Along with several other organizations, The HSUS is committed to putting an end to the tragic destruction of millions of healthy dogs and cats being killed annually in our nation's shelters. It is a concern that calls for new and innovative solutions, some of which are already being opposed by various commercial interests. Our *Until There Are None -- Adopt One* campaign is formally being launched in December and will be enlarged and expanded throughout 1992 and beyond. It is without doubt one of the most important campaigns we have ever undertaken.

The HSUS has also stepped up its activities addressing several critical wildlife issues, among them the trade in exotic birds and the continuing threat to elephants and several species of marine mammals.

Having made significant strides during the past few years in procuring federal legislation and international agreements designed to protect these magnificent creatures, animal protection and conservation organizations are now finding these hard fought gains in great jeopardy. The threat of extinction of hundreds of species of animals continues apace, yet the unconscionable exploitation and abuse of these creatures for the benefit of a few profiteers is once again on the rise. For every gain, a new challenge arises, often at a pace which preempts an effective response either by us or our colleagues. But the message is clear: we humans who inhabit the planet cannot ourselves long survive if we continue to decimate and despoil the creation around us.

We are also continuing our work to prohibit hunting and trapping on federal wildlife refuges. In concert with approximately 73 other organizations, The HSUS is spearheading this effort to insure that there are a few remaining places on the face of this earth where animals can exist free from harassment, injury, and death at the hands of humans.

We are also intensifying our efforts to challenge and change several of the systems which result in undue stress, injury, and suffering to farm animals. There is no industry in

which so great a number of animals are systematically consigned to pain, suffering, and abuse as in the food animal industry. And while we shall continue our efforts to actively seek changes and improvements in these systems, we shall also be urging a greater reduction in the consumption of food animal products. Many of you are already observing a no-meat diet and some have chosen to forego dairy products as well. But to those who have not so elected, we shall be promoting a program of greater reduction of animal-based foods as well as providing guidance in helping to identify sources for the procurement of foods which are produced both humanely and sustainably.

The symposium we have just completed, *Animals In Research: Challenging the Status Quo*, is a reflection of our continuing commitment to refine, reduce, and hopefully replace the use of animals in the numerous research and testing laboratories throughout this nation. While acknowledging that it is still necessary and appropriate to use animal models in some instances, we are nonetheless committed to seek their replacement immediately in other less salutary efforts and, ultimately, in every other arena where non-animal models can be used just as effectively. How and for what purpose animals are used in laboratory research is no longer a matter for those using them to decide in isolation. There must be, and thankfully in some cases already is, a growing public conscience governing the utilization of animals for research purposes. And among those willing to be counted in this endeavor are an increasing number



of physicians and other scientists, a few of whom have come together to constitute The HSUS Scientific Advisory Council. When persons such as these are at the forefront of this effort, we can no longer be dismissed as misinformed sentimentalists or for that matter so-called "animal rights terrorists."

Let me now say a word about the exciting growth and expansion being realized in our youth education division, the National Association for the Advancement of Humane and Environmental Education (NAHEE). Our outreach to elementary and secondary children and young people is now touching every elementary school in the nation. The October issue of *KIND News* will this month reach more than two million students through a special partnership project undertaken with our newly formed EarthKind organization aided by financial underwriting from Philips Lighting Company. This figure far surpasses our regular audience of 300,000 elementary students and represents the opening of yet another door through which we can promote our message of caring concern for both animals and the Earth.

The higher education program of The HSUS has now been made a part of the work of our Center for Respect of Life and Environment (CRLE). Through this growing organization which, like NAHEE, is a division of The HSUS, we are reaching various segments of the public not traditionally identified with the animal protection movement. Created to foster an ethic of compassion toward all sentient beings and respect for the

integrity of nature, the Center has taken significant steps in the past year to implement the several projects designed to increase concern for animals and the Earth among faculty, students, and practicing professionals.

In addition to the many programs and activities being carried out by our outstanding staff located here in Washington and in Connecticut, we are also grateful for the work being performed by the 31 staff based in our ten regional offices throughout the United States, work that is every bit as vital and productive as that emanating from our headquarters offices. It is through these regional offices that we are often able to link our strength to that of hundreds of local animal welfare organizations which actively support many of our national efforts.

But the work of these offices extends far beyond interacting with local humane societies. For through these regional offices the majority of our *direct* intervention on behalf of animals takes place. In many situations, these offices represent the front line of our attack against deliberate and malicious cruelty to animals. And it is through the work of these offices that we have realized some of our most significant legislative and legal successes.

I recall with great satisfaction my determination to establish the regional office concept in the early 1970s in the face of both skepticism and outright opposition. But with the support of a board of directors who shared my vision of the

importance and validity of this concept, the regional office structure became a reality. And it seems quite clear that these offices have proven to be one of the great success stories of The HSUS.

And were it not for the work of our able and dedicated investigators, our outstanding legal staff, our legislative specialists, our publications and public relations personnel, and many others, the effectiveness and strength of The HSUS would not exist as it does today. Every one of those persons is a vital part of this team, even though their work and efforts often go unheralded.

One further activity of the HSUS which deserves mention at this point is our Animal Control Academy. Just last month, the Academy concluded its 53rd two-week training course for animal sheltering and control personnel. In its 12 years of operation, the Academy has graduated 1,281 students from the two-week course. During the same period, over 1,500 students have participated in a 12-hour session on "Euthanasia: The Human Factor." Through the work of the Academy, The HSUS has had and continues to have a significant impact on the quality of animal sheltering and control programs throughout this country.

At the outset of my remarks I stated that we are an organization which has come to understand that its mission is not one-dimensional, but is inextricably linked to a concern for the well-being of the planet on which we reside as well as

for all creatures, both human and non-human, who inhabit its environs. More than a year ago The HSUS formally established an environmental program alongside our several other more animal-focused issues. We engaged a man to lead that effort who had been a moving force in the environmental movement of this country for the past several years. He first came to my attention by virtue of his outstanding efforts in helping to develop and promote Earth Day 1990, working very closely with Denis Hayes who some of you will remember from his very moving speech at The HSUS animal conference last year.

In the brief time he has been associated with us as Vice President for Environment, Jan Hartke has helped to make The HSUS a significant force within the larger environmental community, bringing to it our very special concern for the suffering of individual animals, a concern that all too often has been either ignored or dismissed entirely within that community. He has also extended our outreach in this area of our endeavor to an international audience, having twice in the past 12 months been chosen by the United States Information Agency to lecture on environmental and animal protection concerns -- in Germany and Romania on one occasion and South America on the other.

Confident that there is both a need and a receptive constituency for an environmental organization that places animal suffering at the top of its agenda, The HSUS Board of Directors this past April approved your president's proposal to launch such an organization under the leadership and direction

of Mr. Hartke -- an organization we have chosen to call *EarthKind, USA*.

The inspiration for the name *EarthKind* came from my personal association with an animal protection organization in England which had just recently chosen to change its name of many years to *EarthKind*, and has now enthusiastically endorsed our using that same name for our new environmental organization. But because we share far more than a name with that fine organization, we are currently linking our two *EarthKind* groups together in the hope of creating a network of projects worldwide addressing environmental concerns in the context of their impact on animals.

*EarthKind, USA* is structured to be a sister organization of The HSUS rather than an adjunct, yet fully controlled by The HSUS Board of Directors and under my direct supervision. Its audience shall largely be those currently outside the animal protection movement, but persons who are increasingly responding to concerns about the environment. It shall also seek to appeal to those who have heretofore believed that the environmental and conservation organizations to which they belong are organizations also concerned about the abuse and suffering of individual animals, when in many cases they are not. A special emphasis of *EarthKind* will be an appeal to college students and young adults who we believe are seeking an avenue through which to bring both environmental and animal protection concerns together.

*EarthKind* is not just a name, but a concept as well,

linking environmental concerns reflected in the word *Earth* with an attitude of compassion and caring -- *Kind*. *EarthKind* -- the melding of a caring compassion for the Earth and the vast array of creatures that inhabit its plains and forests, its oceans and skies.

The HSUS is also expanding its own reach into the international arena in a more direct way. For more than twenty years, we have been vitally involved in animal protection concerns throughout the world, largely through the vehicle of the World Society for the Protection of Animals (WSPA) and one of its predecessor organizations, the World Federation for the Protection of Animals (WFPA). During the past few years we have helped underwrite several major projects in association with the WSPA, while at the same time addressing numerous other international issues independent of the WSPA. We have, for example, played a leading role among non-governmental organizations each year at the International Whaling Commission (IWC) in the person of Patricia Forkan and at the Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) in the person of Dr. John Grandy. We have likewise been involved in several international gatherings concerned with animal agriculture in the person of Dr. Michael Fox and, of necessity, our investigations of animal abuse and exploitation have taken us far beyond the boundaries of this country.

We have also, through the Alice Morgan Wright-Edith Goode

Fund provided financial assistance to approximately 36 groups in several countries worldwide. Additionally, we are supporting the work of several individuals and a few smaller organizations working to protect animals in various parts of the world such as, for example, Dr. Jane Goodall at Gombe National Park in Tanzania.

For the past two years The HSUS has also maintained a European office located in Bonn, Germany, staffed by Ms. Betsy Dribben. Recognizing that legislation affecting animals is increasingly being discussed, debated, and decided in international forums, especially as regards wildlife and animals used for food, we are seeking to extend our influence into those arenas where the fate and welfare of millions of animals, including many originating in our own country, can be decided by a single action.

In the same way that we have come to understand that animal protection concerns are not one-dimensional, but many faceted, so also have we come to realize that our efforts and actions cannot be confined to our country alone. The societies and cultures of the world are increasingly overlapping and our mission must of necessity become international.

Therefore, in order to more formally address and confront the growing number of animal protection issues not limited to the United States, the Board of Directors has approved the formation of *Humane Society International* (HSI), a non-member organization which will represent The HSUS in international endeavors and seek to extend the influence of The HSUS into

areas of the world desperately needing the kind of financial, technical, and instructional support we can provide.

For the most part, the staff of Humane Society International will be those HSUS staff persons already working in the international community as well as a few persons still to be selected who will work on behalf of HSI in a few strategic locations throughout the world.

There can be no doubt that The HSUS is, at this time in history, undertaking a challenge both exciting and sobering. In the creation of both EarthKind and Humane Society International we are daring to extend our leadership into the world at large and share our strength and skills with those needing and deserving our support and assistance. In concert with our EarthKind friends in England, and in a newly emerging *partnership* with the WSPA and other international bodies, The HSUS has the potential to become a vital and effective world leader in the fight to protect and preserve both the planet on which we live and its various communities of creatures. Yet to succeed in this endeavor requires much more than an approval of a board of directors. It takes the support and enthusiastic participation of individuals such as you.

For your faithful and unfailing support this year and in years past, we are most grateful. It is you, our members, contributors, and friends who have made possible our ever expanding outreach on behalf of animals. And as we embrace an



even greater challenge, your confidence, commitment, and encouragement is needed even more.

Come, share this vision with us, and we shall indeed add to the beauty and sanctity of life for all creatures great and small, bright and beautiful, and yes, even wise and wonderful!

## PROGRAM AND COMMUNICATIONS

Patricia Forkan, Senior Vice President

Development and implementation of national campaigns dedicated to ending animal abuse are handled by the Program and Communications section. The society's actions on behalf of whales and dolphins also are part of this section's responsibilities. Another major problem area covered is state and federal legislation affecting animals. The special projects and public relations departments, the nationally syndicated television program *Living With Animals*, as well as numerous HSUS publications are also part of this active section's work.

### Campaigns

The HSUS entered the second year of its successful consumer education campaign, *The Beautiful Choice*, to promote the use of cosmetics and other personal care products not tested on animals. Actress Ana-Alicia, who formerly starred in TV's *Falcon Crest*, continued to serve as spokesperson for this effort. To date, 32 manufacturers of personal care products have joined the Beautiful Choice campaign by signing a pledge stating they do not test their products on animals. In a continuing effort to increase consumer recognition of our Beautiful Choice campaign logo in association with the manufacturers' products, The HSUS has distributed its campaign kits to retailers nationwide -- approximately 8,000 have been distributed to date -- and set up a campaign display at several natural foods industry trade shows and environmental expos held

across the nation. We also have enlisted the support of additional celebrities for this exciting campaign. Their names and photographs are to appear in a campaign advertisement designed for a major magazine.

The HSUS also continued its popular *Shame of Fur* and *Be a P.A.L.* campaigns, now in their fourth year. Oakland A's manager Tony LaRussa donated his time to record a public service announcement in English and Spanish to help encourage pet owners to spay or neuter their pets. Actress Loretta Swit recorded a PSA on the same issue. We are gearing up for a companion campaign, *Until There are None -- Adopt One*, which will be launched in the spring, to encourage adoption of cats and dogs from animal shelters and thus reduce the need for humane euthanasia of these animals.

#### European Office

In just one year, the newly established European office of The HSUS has gone from anonymity to being the key player in the European Community in efforts to stop Europe from being a dumping ground for dolphin-deadly tuna.

When American consumers stopped purchasing dolphin-deadly tuna and U.S. canners pledged not to use it anymore, the price for the yellowfin tuna on the world market dropped precipitously. Italian and Spanish canners, who felt they had a bargain, began purchasing it in sizeable quantities, canning and dumping it in markets throughout Europe. Unwitting European consumers have been purchasing this tuna, not realizing that it contributes to dolphin deaths half a world away.

The European office has educated the European Parliament on this crisis and ultimately been the impetus for a proposal which would ban the importation of dolphin-deadly tuna into Europe. This proposal is soon to be voted upon in the European Parliament. It has moved at break-neck speed because of The HSUS's relentless efforts to keep this before the MEPs week in and week out. This has included organizing a special briefing on purse seining on dolphins plus a film viewing for legislators.

The director of the European office has appeared on "European Edition," a PBS program, and Canadian television to discuss the role of Italy and Spain in supporting the purse seining on dolphins. She has also participated in Swiss and Italian press conferences to focus world attention on the dolphins. The European office has also drafted for Italian publications articles which educate consumers on why they must boycott Italian and Spanish canned tuna.

The European office has become a familiar face at sessions of the European Parliament and is often called upon by members of the Parliament to provide briefing material not only on the plight of marine mammals but other areas of HSUS concern such as puppy mills, cosmetics testing on animals, the cruelty of the leghold trap, and the wild bird trade.

Efforts are also currently underway to enlist European environmental groups to work with The HSUS to educate European consumers on how they can help save the dolphins. Mailings, visits, and distribution of materials have also been made to

groups in Italy, Germany, France, and the United Kingdom not only on dolphins but other HSUS issues.

The European office is also forging important relationships with officials in Germany, France, and Great Britain, for example. These efforts are to ensure that legislative and diplomatic initiatives designed to protect animals and the environment are consistent on both sides of the ocean. To this end, HSUS Europe is also working with members of GLOBE, a group of U.S. legislators, members of the European Parliament, and Japanese Diet interested in global environmental issues who meet four times a year to exchange views. By keeping these legislators apprised of issues which need international efforts, HSUS plays a role in not only educating those who make policy but assisting them in the arduous task of shaping laws which all nations will support.

#### **Whale/Dolphin Campaigns**

The HSUS's campaigns to save dolphins and whales saw important gains in the past year. We spearheaded federal legislative efforts that resulted in the passage of the Dolphin Protection Consumer Information Act, legislation that governs tuna-labeling practices, and we're continuing to work for legislation that would require all tuna to be dolphin safe.

Our tuna boycott of all tuna that is not dolphin safe continued, and several more tuna canners adopted dolphin-safe policies. Also, Safeway Inc., one of the nation's largest supermarket chains, announced it will sell only dolphin-safe tuna.

In August, a GATT (General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade) dispute panel responded to a complaint filed by Mexico challenging the dolphin-protection provision in the Marine Mammal Protection Act which resulted in the imposition of a U.S. embargo on the importation of Mexican yellowfin tuna. When the ruling, which still must be reviewed by the full GATT Council, indicated that any embargo provision under any U.S. law would be ruled incompatible with GATT if challenged, The HSUS assumed a lead role among animal-protection, environmental, labor, and farm organizations in enlisting the support of the U.S. Congress and the international community to ensure that the United States trade representative blocks consideration of this ruling and to pursue possible revision of GATT bylaws to reflect the environmental concerns of the international community.

For the 16th year, The HSUS was represented at the International Whaling Commission (IWC) annual meeting. Although the moratorium on commercial whaling remains intact, we plan to redouble our efforts at the IWC and also at other international summits, including the United Nations "Earth Summit" scheduled for 1992, to combat the threat of the resumption of commercial whaling based on scientifically established kill quotas. We will continue to work for a global ban on all whaling on moral and ethical grounds.

#### State Legislation

The HSUS responded to over 300 requests from individuals who needed assistance on state legislative issues ranging from

horse auctions to strong anti-cruelty laws to control of exotic wildlife. Significant progress was made on the vital issue of pet overpopulation with the development of our legislative guidelines booklet and fact sheet. Passage of a wild bird law in New Jersey was the highlight of the year along with increased activity on pet shop, draize, horse auctions, puppy mill, and anti-cruelty laws.

The HSUS sent over 70,000 alerts to members on such matters as the use of live lures in greyhound racing, dangerous dogs, puppy mills, cockfighting, humane education, and spay/neuter bills. We continued to fight the proliferation of state laws to prohibit our right to protest hunting and the so-called "break-in" bills which can have such a chilling effect on our ability to learn about cruelty in research facilities.

### **Federal Legislation**

The HSUS continued to pursue efforts with members of Congress and federal agency officials to strengthen federal laws which protect animals, to seek the introduction of new legislation to address problems not adequately covered by current law and to influence the development and revision of federal regulations.

HSUS leadership on farm animal and sustainable agriculture issues contributed to our success in lobbying on the Farm Bill, which was reauthorized by Congress for another five years in 1990. We lobbied for a greater emphasis on funding sustainable agriculture research and development, the establishment of uniform national guidelines for "organic" labeling, and a

strengthening of the law cracking down on the problem of pet theft, all of which were included in the bill as signed by the President. In 1991, The HSUS is pushing strongly for funding of the National Organic Standards Board, which is the linchpin for the organic program.

In 1990 (FY '91) The HSUS and the Massachusetts Society for the Protection of Animals persuaded Congress to appropriate additional funds to be used by the federal National Toxicology Program, which has a mission to look to alternatives to the use of animals when they validate toxicity tests; and it appears that we will again be successful in the FY'92 appropriations bill. We are also pressing for additional funds for implementation of dolphin protection programs and funds for increased use of non-lethal animal damage control methods, puppy mill reform legislation, a moratorium on the patenting of genetically engineered animals, and legislation establishing a national policy for biodiversity problems. We are seeking passage of legislation which would place an immediate ban on the importation of wild birds and eliminate recreational hunting and trapping on wildlife refuges. ✓

#### Public Relations

HSUS staff appeared in the media discussing several major issues. After The HSUS sent an investigator to monitor the Iditarod dog race, stories appeared in the *Anchorage Daily News*, *The Washington Post*, *The Wall Street Journal*, and on the Associated Press wire and National Public Radio.

A press conference on an HSUS investigation into wild bird



smuggling in Honduras and federal legislation banning wild bird trade resulted in HSUS appearances in *USA Today*, *The Washington Post*, the *Miami Herald*, *The Journal of Commerce*, Knight Ridder News Service, United Press International, and TBS's *Network Earth*.

A cockfighting bust in Ohio yielded two major stories on Cable News Network. The media was also interested in what The HSUS had to say about horse racing. HSUS staff spoke on the topic in *The Washington Post*, *USA Today*, the *Chicago Tribune*, and *Village Voice*. For the second year in a row, the media reported on the horrendous conditions in puppy mills. HSUS staff were quoted in *Reader's Digest* and on *CBS This Morning*, *Good Morning America*, *CNN's Sonya Live*, and *CBS Evening News*.

The media took advantage of the public's fascination with vicious dogs and wolf hybrids. HSUS staff spoke on the topic in *Newsweek*, *Newsday*, and on NBC's *A Closer Look*.

Sharp-eyed viewers of CBS TV's *Major Dad* saw one of the characters sporting an HSUS "Animals, It's Their World, Too" T-shirt.

### Editorial and Production

Every year, The HSUS produces approximately 100 new items in support of its programs and operations. Brochures, advertisements, newsletters, campaign promotional items, and conference materials help us to stay in touch with both the general public and HSUS members nationwide; materials for in-house use help us communicate effectively with our regional and divisional offices. Design of the *Animal Activist Alert's* new

*Student Network News*, *Adopt One* campaign, and Animal Care Expo '92 logo were particularly visible. The "Just One Litter" brochure was distributed through veterinarians' offices across the country. The award-winning *HSUS News* achieved a circulation of more than 430,000, the highest in history.

Almost 200 new and reprinted items in our publications catalogue, including an updated and redesigned pound seizure packet, provided members with an unmatched selection of materials on animal-protection issues.

#### **Close-Up Report and Animal Activist Alert**

The quarterly *Close-Up Report* fulfills its mission as the primary HSUS outreach publication by reaching an average 900,000 constituents, various news media, and members of Congress. The *Close-Up Report* educates its readers about the plight of animals in emergency situations, and mobilizes public support for them. Subjects covered since October 1990 include the cruel puppy-mill trade and the HSUS boycott of puppy-mill puppies from the worst puppy-mill states, efforts to protect dolphins, HSUS investigative action on several different issues, and the barbaric sport of cockfighting.

The *Animal Activist Alert* encourages activism on the part of readers. The AAA is sent to a select number of HSUS members and animal-protection organizations that have expressed a strong interest in writing letters, making phone calls, organizing community actions, and working for legislation on behalf of animals. Over the past year, the AAA has featured state and federal animal-protection legislation, ongoing HSUS

campaigns, laboratory animals, hunter-harassment and break-in bills, and the wild-bird trade. ✓

A new student activist page, *Student Network News*, was designed and implemented with the September issue of the AAA. Targeted at junior high and high school students, it encourages student club programs and activism, and will be mailed with the AAA.

### COMPANION ANIMALS

Marc S. Paulhus, Vice President

The Companion Animals section works daily to support and provide information to those local humane societies, animal shelters, and individuals who are working to improve the existence of the animals with whom we share our lives. We respond to thousands of individuals and members of the media requesting information and materials on all subjects dealing with shelter operations, spay/neuter programs, and animal legislation at city, county, state, and federal levels.

A large part of this section's activities includes conducting shelter visits and evaluations and presenting workshops to those in the field. In this way, we can help thousands of animals who fall under the care of these groups. Reaching over 1,000 people involved in animal protection across the country, members of this division visited over twenty-five facilities. Additionally, the division serves to advise foundations that grant funds to local animal protection

organizations for special projects, new facilities, and spay/neuter programs. This year, we helped distribute grants to over 35 shelters nationwide, thus enhancing their ability to help animals.

The division published *Shelter Sense* for the 14th year, reaching over 4,000 people who work in animal sheltering and control. With the support of The Geraldine R. Dodge Foundation, we were able to provide *Shelter Sense* subscriptions to those shelters in the state of New Jersey that did not already receive it. A similar offer from the New York State Humane Association provided subscriptions to member organizations in New York not formerly signed up. As always, *Shelter Sense* covered topics people in animal care want to know about, such as cat licensing, developing a board of directors, new techniques in animal sterilization, the breeder permit controversy, and many others. To serve our readers better, the division conducted a reader survey and discovered that people who read *Shelter Sense* are generally very pleased with the information and reproducibles we provide for them. But to expand the coverage and include even more of what the readers want and need to know, the staff completely redesigned *Shelter Sense* and unveiled the new format in August.

Planning began for the first trade show designed exclusively for those in animal sheltering--Animal Care Expo '92. This event will feature over 100 exhibits and over 40 specifically tailored workshops to give those in animal protection the most up-to-date information about compassionate and efficient

methods and products to care for animals. Slated for February 2-5, 1992, in Las Vegas, Nevada, Animal Care Expo '92 stands to be the largest offering of products, services, and information for those in animal care under one roof.

In its 12th year, the Animal Control Academy graduated 110 students in its four sessions. The only two-week training program for animal control officers, the Academy offers comprehensive training in all aspects of their work from dealing with people to conducting investigations to handling euthanasia. Through the Academy, The HSUS is able to improve the quality of animal care in localities across the country. In addition to regular Academy sessions, the director also conducted one- and two-day workshops for over 240 shelter staff dealing with the emotions and stress of coping with the euthanasia of shelter animals.

As hosts of last year's HSUS pre-conference symposium in San Francisco, "New Perspectives on Animal Overpopulation," the division gathered leaders from around the nation to present new methods for dealing with the problem. Over 250 participants learned of the latest developments in non-surgical, chemical sterilants; early spay/neuter programs; and ways to bring about a "cultural shift" toward a greater empathy and responsibility for pets. This forum brought the latest in research and thinking to an audience poised to help reduce and, hopefully, eliminate the birth of animals for whom there will be neither companionship nor homes.

Again emphasizing The HSUS's commitment to stopping pet

overpopulation, the section made available for the fourth year the *Be a P.A.L.--Prevent A Litter* campaign kit and other materials designed to help raise awareness of the pet overpopulation problem and its solutions. This year's campaign emphasis was aimed at veterinarians, and the division produced a well-received brochure, "Just One Litter--Facts about Spaying and Neutering Your Pet" for them to distribute to clients. So far, over 200,000 of these brochures have been distributed. This section also contributed to the *Journal of the American Veterinary Medical Association's* special edition on pet overpopulation, which featured the "Just One Litter" brochure. Additionally, newspaper and other coverage of Be a P.A.L. events reached well over 2,000,000 readers across the country.

In an effort to encourage people to seek pets from animal shelters rather than other sources, HSUS President John A. Hoyt launched the national campaign, *Until There Are None -- Adopt One*, in April. It is designed to help shelters enhance their images and thus increase adoptions, and the section is preparing numerous materials to support this effort, including a special issue of *Shelter Sense*, a poster, brochures, PSAs, and advertising. Materials are scheduled for release in the latter part of 1991.

#### **FIELD SERVICES**

Randall Lockwood, Vice President

The Field Services section oversees the activities of our

ten regional offices serving 43 states. These offices deal with the everyday needs of individuals and grassroots organizations, as well as helping to implement the national programs of the HSUS at a regional level. The regional efforts of the HSUS were expanded during the last year with the opening of our Northern Rockies Regional Office in Billings, Montana. This office will serve Montana, Wyoming, and Idaho. This region presents unique challenges and opportunities to deal with issues involving companion animals, livestock, and wildlife.

In the last year the regional offices helped educate people around the country about effective ways of helping animals through workshops and training sessions on a variety of animal protection issues, including cruelty investigation, pound seizure, rabies control, humane sustainable agriculture, and urban wildlife problems.

Major targets of activity for many of the regional offices during the last year were the "blood sports" of dogfighting and cockfighting. The HSUS continues to be the major source of background information for law enforcement agencies working against dogfighting. While actions by such agencies have continued to drive dogfighting deeper underground, the HSUS has been deeply concerned by the proliferation of cockfighting in those states where it remains legal or where enforcement of misdemeanor laws has been weak. In May, staff from the Great Lakes and South Central regional offices conducted one of the largest animal fighting raids in history. Working with local law enforcement agencies and the Ohio Department of Agricul-

ture, the "Superbowl" of cockfighting was raided in rural Vinton County Ohio, along with a smaller scale cockfight event in a neighboring county. The raids resulted in charges against nearly 400 people for cockfighting, along with other charges of possession of weapons and fighting implements. Approximately 700 birds were seized. Since the raids resulted in relatively small penalties against many of those arrested, they served to point out the weakness of cockfighting laws in Ohio and elsewhere.

News of the raid in Ohio prompted state troopers in Putnam County, West Virginia to conduct a cockfight raid that resulted in the arrest of thirty-one people.

Immediately following the Ohio raid, a bill was introduced in the Ohio legislature that would make cockfighting a felony in that state. The Great Lakes office also began working for the passage of felony cockfighting laws in West Virginia. HSUS efforts to pass felony cockfighting legislation in Missouri failed, but will be attempted again. Our Gulf States office launched a campaign against cockfighting in Oklahoma. That office helped focus media attention on the existence of cockfighting enthusiasts and clubs, to the dismay of the majority of people in that state who erroneously assumed that cockfighting was already prohibited. The South Central office also initiated efforts to strengthen laws in its four-state region (Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, and Kentucky) where none of the states has felony penalties for cockfighting.

Those who profit from the suffering of animals in this



"sport" have aggressively opposed efforts to gain tougher penalties. This will continue to be a major concern throughout the regions in coming years.

The Southeast regional office waged successful campaigns against abusive practices in horse racing and dog racing. The HSUS successfully challenged a ruling by Florida's Division of Pari-mutuel Wagering that allowed pre-race use of corticosteroids. These drugs are often used to enable injured animals to race and can also hide the presence of other illegal drugs that lead to serious injuries and "breakdowns." The racing industry appealed, but its appeal has been thrown out. The HSUS also defeated legislative efforts to amend the state statute to allow such drugs to be used.

The cruelty inherent in much of the training of racing greyhounds, was brought to light with the arrest of a man caught transporting jackrabbits from New Mexico for sale to greyhound trainers throughout the Southeast. The rabbits were to be turned loose to be chased and torn apart by the dogs. As a result of this investigation, the dealer and four others pleaded guilty to animal cruelty and other charges.

Several regional offices conducted local campaigns to combat abuses of animals in other "sports." The New England office investigated the growing practice of "bloodless" bullfights in Massachusetts and testified against such fights at public hearings. Regional offices also dealt with "donkey basketball" contests, wrestling bear exhibitions, racing bison, and "goldfish grabs."

The problems of puppy mills, a major focus of last year's regional efforts, continued to be a concern around the regions. We continued to work with local law enforcement agencies investigating the mass producers of dogs as cash crops for the pet trade. The Midwest office participated in numerous puppy mill raids in Kansas and Iowa. The Great Lakes office gave assistance to local groups in raids on two puppy mills in Ohio and a large-scale cattery in Michigan. Several months of investigations of puppy mills in Pennsylvania by our Mid-Atlantic region resulted in pre-Christmas press conferences in New York and Philadelphia announcing the addition of Pennsylvania to our list of six midwestern puppy mill states. We have continued to call for a national boycott of puppies from these states.

The Regional Offices also played a major role in monitoring the quality of local animal sheltering and control. During the last year regional staff visited over one hundred animal shelters around the country to provide advice and assistance. This included major investigations of conditions in Oakland, California; Escambia, Florida; Macon, Missouri; and Medina, Ohio.

Regional staff have also responded to the problems posed by the keeping of exotic pets. The Mid-Atlantic office worked closely with the HSUS Wildlife and Habitat Protection section and the Coalition to End the Wild Bird Trade to successfully move New Jersey's wild bird protection bill through the legislature, resulting in the strongest state protection for

these animals in the nation. In addition, the Field Services section and regional offices responded to hundreds of inquiries concerning the growing numbers of wolf-hybrids being kept as pets.

The Regions have also been active in combatting sport hunting and trapping in a variety of ways. The New England office has worked closely with Maine's Non-hunter's Rights Alliance to promote regulations requiring "reverse posting," which would mandate that land is to be considered closed to hunting unless specifically designated otherwise by the owner. The West Coast office obtained a total ban on the use of leg-hold traps in the city of Sacramento, prompting efforts in other California cities to follow suit. The Southeast office launched a campaign to alert people to new regulations that permit "fox pens," large fenced enclosures where captive coyotes and foxes are chased and often killed by packs of hounds. Although the practice remains legal, we will continue to draw attention to this cruel practice. In Ohio, our Great Lakes office coordinated a drive that led the outgoing Governor to veto a hunter harassment bill that had been strongly backed by the hunting lobby. In the Mid-Atlantic region, the regional director convinced the Morris County, New Jersey, Parks Commission to provide funding to evaluate chemical contraception as a non-lethal approach to deer control in the county's parks. This project is likely to serve as a model for deer control in many urbanized areas.

Regional staff also worked at a local level for the

protection of animals in agriculture, zoos, educational institutions, and entertainment. Overall, the Field Services section has had a full year of activity, accomplishment, and growth and looks forward to even greater success in the year ahead.

### INVESTIGATIONS

#### David K. Wills, Vice President

The past year has seen a broad expansion in both the type and number of program-based investigations handled by the Washington-based Investigations section.

As always, a large portion of this section's activities include the daily task of assisting other organizations with their efforts to handle a specific problem or incident they are grappling with.

The Investigations section of The HSUS has added some key personnel this past year, acquiring both an attorney to act as a legal researcher and investigator as well as an investigator with extensive background in domestic human violence and social work.

Generally, HSUS investigators continue to ferret out horrendous conditions that have come to be synonymous with the term "puppy mills" and work to eliminate these abuses. Ongoing efforts to expose the inhumane treatment of many animals destined for food production in auction yards and slaughterhouses around the U.S. is a major activity. HSUS investigators

also were key participants in a Mid-western cockfighting raid that resulted in over 200 arrests for the crime of cockfighting.

An HSUS investigation into the world of sled dog racing and a particularly candid criticism of the Iditarod received national exposure and was credited in part with being the catalyst for several rule changes adopted by the Iditarod Trail Committee designed to afford the dogs greater protection from abuse and overwork.

An investigation into the rationale and events surrounding the "hunting" of Yellowstone National Park bison generated national outrage, and in early 1991 the Montana legislature ended the controversial practice.

HSUS investigators were present at this year's annual Chincoteague pony roundup and were able to witness firsthand major improvements in the event implemented as a result of earlier HSUS investigations.

An international investigation into the illegal poaching and trade in wild parrots from Central America into the U.S. provided graphic evidence of the need for a prohibition halting the sale of any wild caught bird in the United States.

HSUS investigative efforts have also been directed toward individual animals in need. Last fall The HSUS rescued a stranded pony from the side of a Utah mountain in a dramatic airlift that was seen across the country on CNN. We are currently involved in intense negotiations trying to improve the quality of life for a bear at Yellowstone National Park

(called Bear #134) taken from the wild and placed in captivity as a result of commercial exploitation of our national parks. We were in Milwaukee when an elephant was brutally beaten during transfer from a zoo to a private commercial enterprise and are working with The HSUS's wildlife section to petition for her return to a more humane environment. The HSUS's investigative initiatives continue to expand and seek relief for those animals in distress or that are victims of man's inhumanity.

As we approach 1992, efforts are underway to develop and implement a diagnostic investigative software system that will greatly increase the level of professional expertise we can draw upon in our efforts to help our animal friends. This past year has seen remarkable progress and success in the resolution of many cases of animal abuse. Building on this foundation will guarantee a rapid and effective deployment of expertise and resources in The HSUS's ongoing mission of preventing cruelty.

#### **FARM ANIMALS AND BIOETHICS**

Michael W. Fox, Vice President

The Farm Animals and Bioethics section has some good news. Our efforts to influence the consumer public and to change how livestock and poultry are raised are beginning to bear fruit. Through its Humane Sustainable Agriculture Program, The Humane Society of the United States is playing a significant role in

helping shift U.S. farm policy and practice in the direction of humaneness, social justice, environmental safety, and ecological sustainability. This is probably the most effective, albeit indirect and long-term way, to help improve the well-being of farm animals and the protection of wildlife under the impetus of intensive, non-sustainable animal agriculture.

This program complements the section's work on establishing the scientific criteria and practical applicability of humane farm animal husbandry in the raising of livestock and poultry for human consumption. We are developing husbandry guidelines for farmers and producer associations to adopt and will link them, via a national directory, with caring consumers and wholesale and retail food distributors. We also have an extensive data base on the health problems, economic losses, and adverse environmental consequences associated with intensive "factory" farming.

In order to stimulate open discussion on critical issues in animal agriculture among agribusiness, farmers, scientists, and others, we continue to co-sponsor, with PennAg Industries Association, an annual one-day conference entitled Future Trends in Animal Agriculture.

The new biotechnology frontier of pharmaceutical farming, where genetically-engineered cows, sheep, and goats produce medicinally valuable products for people afflicted with inherited diseases, like cystic fibrosis, emphysema, and hemophilia, is being monitored by this section. Linked with this new dimension of animal exploitation is the issue of

patenting "new creations," such as transgenic animals like pigs and sheep that bear human genes and poultry bearing the growth genes of cattle. The U.S. government is working with multinational corporate interests via GATT to change European law that currently prohibits animal patenting. Recently a GATT dispute panel showed its true colors when it ruled that the U.S. law to protect marine mammals was contrary to the GATT convention. Specifically, the tribunal ruled that for the U.S. to prohibit the importation of tuna from Mexico and Venezuela (where dolphin-safe tuna catching practices are not enforced) was a violation of free trade between GATT convention members - over 100 nations. This ruling must now be reviewed by the full GATT Council.

These world market issues have great bearing not only on the conservation of endangered species and habitats. They also threaten the growing international consumer movement in organic farming and other alternative, ecologically sound, sustainable, and humane agricultural practices. GATT, for example, would even make it illegal for food labels to name country of origin, as such labeling may be an obstacle to "free trade."

The Farm Animals and Bioethics section is actively participating in the growing international alliance of alternative, sustainable agriculture. We are currently documenting the serious impacts on human and animal health as well as the environmental consequences of many livestock production systems in both developed and less developed countries. We are also collaborating in the publishing of a directory of farmers and



ranchers who endorse the principles and practice of humane sustainable agriculture. Retailers, wholesalers, policy makers, educators, and others who are working to promote HSA will also be included in this directory.

We are also calling on the public to express a consumer preference for animal products from more humane production systems. Giant food stores in a three-state area began offering eggs from uncaged hens in response to a substantial number of requests, which were initiated by our Farm Animals section.

The vision of humane sustainable agriculture worldwide as an international movement, of which The HSUS is a part, was officially recognized in ceremonies at the United Nations, September 6, 1991, to open the first gathering of the World Sustainable Agriculture Association.

It is both necessary and appropriate for The HSUS to become more internationally involved in issues that affect farm animal care and the bioethics of animal exploitation in both the developed and lesser developed nations of the world.

#### **WILDLIFE AND HABITAT PROTECTION**

John W. Grandy, Vice President

#### **Fur and Trapping**

The HSUS continues to devote substantial resources to anti-fur efforts. As in previous years, we worked with hundreds of individuals and organizations to spread the word

about fur through demonstrations, mailings, and billboards in cities throughout the United States and Canada. We placed ads in several magazines including *Cosmopolitan*. An ad featuring Tony LaRussa, Manager of the Oakland A's, appeared in *Sports Illustrated* and *USA Today*. In addition, on September 29, 1991, The HSUS placed an ad in *The New York Times* newspaper in response to the pro-fur supplement in *The New York Times Magazine*. We continued to document incidents of injuries to dogs, cats, and humans in leghold and other traps in an attempt to end the use of these traps. This campaign, which is coordinated with both national and international organizations, continues to cause drastic reductions in the fur market.

#### Captive Wildlife

The HSUS continued its efforts to improve conditions and eliminate abuses of wild animals in captivity by bettering conditions for travelling animal acts, educating the public about the unsuitability of wild animals as pets or in entertainment acts, and representing animal protection at conferences and workshops of organizations such as ZooCheck, the American Association of Zoological Parks and Aquaria (AAZPA), and International Marine Animal Trainers Association (IMATA). We formally urged the USDA to strengthen the U.S. Animal Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) regulations under the Animal Welfare Act. In cooperation with our Investigations section, we continued our strong program of monitoring institutions to prevent animal abuse. For example, we have formally complained

of animal cruelty and abuse at the Los Angeles Zoo, San Diego Zoo, and others.

### Wildlife Refuges

The HSUS, together with the Conservation Endowment Fund, continued its leadership role to reform the National Wildlife Refuge System, the only block of federal lands established as inviolate sanctuaries for wildlife. We intensified our lobbying efforts in support of H.R. 330, the Refuge Wildlife Protection Act, which would eliminate sport hunting and commercial trapping on refuges. Currently, 68 Representatives have signed on as co-sponsors to this legislation. Efforts continue to identify a sponsor for senate legislation. The HSUS continues to actively support the Wildlife Refuge Reform Coalition (WRRC), a coalition that now has over 70 member organizations. The HSUS supports publication of a WRRC quarterly newsletter that keeps members informed and stimulates community action in support of refuge reform.

### Deer

Increasingly, alleged deer problems are being used as an excuse to open hunting seasons on white-tailed deer in suburban areas around the country. The HSUS continued to develop alternative strategies to shotgun or bow and arrow hunting to solve perceived deer/human interaction problems. We provided expert testimony and advice in numerous situations involving deer in places such as Princeton, New Jersey; the Air Force Academy in Colorado; the Quabbin Reservation in Massachusetts; and Irondequoit, New York.

## Bison

We continued efforts to protect the magnificent bison that are shot and killed each year outside the borders of Yellowstone Park. The government still insists that shooting bison that leave the park is the best way to prevent transmission of disease from bison to cattle -- although only 60 cows share the area with bison, and vaccines and other livestock management techniques are available to reduce the already small risk of disease. Our efforts focused on urging the government to adopt improvements in cattle management rather than attempting to "manage" the bison by shooting them. We are now pursuing a comprehensive legal challenge to park and bison management.

## Endangered Species

The HSUS was again in the forefront of efforts to save endangered, and threatened species. We continued our efforts to protect the spotted owl, the Florida panther, and the Mt. Graham red squirrel and its habitat under the Endangered Species Act. Although our petition to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to classify the Cascades grizzly bear as endangered was rejected, the USF&WS will be reconsidering the grizzly's status shortly, and we will actively pursue legal action if protection is insufficient.

The decision in the lawsuit brought by The HSUS and others to require that Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act be implemented by U.S. government agencies worldwide is being appealed to the Supreme Court by the Justice Department. If affirmed, this important decision will extend protection to

endangered and threatened animals all over the world. Oral argument is scheduled for November.

The number of endangered and threatened species is growing so rapidly that the government cannot keep up with the evaluation process. Over 1100 species of animals and plants are now classified as endangered or threatened, but 3500 more await consideration by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. To address this problem, we have proposed development of an Endangered Species Volunteer Action Corps made up of cooperating professionals in universities and elsewhere to provide expertise and manpower to facilitate protection of these endangered species.

The HSUS has also been actively participating in the Endangered Species Coalition, a group of major environmental and animal protection organizations working to defend and strengthen the Endangered Species Act when it comes before Congress for reauthorization in 1992.

#### Wildlife Contraception

The HSUS continues to actively pursue the development of contraceptives as a possible solution to deer/human conflicts, as well as other perceived problems of over-population of wildlife, such as skunks or racoons in urban/suburban areas. We are strongly supporting the efforts of Dr. Jay F. Kirkpatrick to develop a one-shot vaccine that will temporarily block conception in feral horses, deer, and other free-roaming wildlife. Also, The HSUS is currently participating in a cooperative program with the New York Zoological Society, the

Toronto Zoo, and other AAZPA institutions to utilize these techniques in groups of ungulates and other captive wild animals. If effective, wildlife contraceptives could play a role in limiting wildlife over-population problems in the future, as well as limiting reproduction in situations where wildlife is confined.

### Predator Control

Public interest in the activities of the federal Animal Damage Control Program has continued to mount since the July, 1990 release of a Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS) that was supposed to chart the Program's policies and direction for the next 5 to 10 years. Because the document was seriously inadequate and, indeed, illegal, we acted to focus public and Congressional pressure on USDA to substantially revise the DEIS and make the use of non-lethal controls a priority. More than a year later, USDA has yet to issue a replacement or final document. As public criticism of the excessive and unnecessary killing conducted by the ADC program grows, we continue to push for substantial reforms in the program's policies and activities, and are preparing a legal challenge to the program.

### Migratory Birds

The HSUS focused on the U.S. Government's alarming endorsement of duck hunting despite the fact that duck populations are at, or near, the lowest levels in history. It becomes clearer every year that the goal for duck "management" is to provide as many ducks as possible for hunters to shoot. Yet, waterfowl such as black ducks, pintails, mallards, and

other species -- whose populations are already at historically low levels due to habitat loss and drought -- are being further decimated by sport hunting. The HSUS has consistently pressed, under current law, for closing hunting seasons on those species of ducks that are decreasing in numbers. We participated in meetings and hearings and submitted comments to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service urging the government to revamp its waterfowl "management" policy and close duck seasons to mitigate the serious decline in populations. We are also calling for the establishment of citizen's waterfowl advisory councils, patterned after the regional Flyway Councils, to balance the political clout exerted by the councils.

#### Wild Birds

This year, The HSUS placed considerable focus on the issue of importing wild birds for the pet trade. Tragically, over 70 percent of the millions of birds captured for the pet trade die before they are sold as pets. The HSUS is one of the principal organizations backing the Wild Bird Protection Act (H.R. 2540, S. 1219), which now has more than 70 cosponsors. This legislation, introduced in June, would ban the importation of wild caught birds for sale as pets.

The HSUS, together with the AAZPA, launched a nationwide campaign to draw attention to the wild bird trade and spread the message: "Don't Buy Wild Birds As Pets." Our campaign included a poster and a brochure which were widely distributed.

The HSUS, together with other groups, waged a successful campaign to alert airlines to their role in the cruel and

destructive wild bird trade. Twenty-six airlines that transported the majority of birds to the U.S. in recent years have stopped accepting wild bird shipments.

The HSUS waged a focused cooperative lobbying effort and won passage of the New Jersey Wild Bird Bill which was enacted in August. This law bans the importation, possession, or sale of wild birds as pets in that state.

The HSUS has established a wild bird rehabilitation center in Honduras. This facility is dedicated to rehabilitating and releasing birds such as parrots and macaws that were illegally captured for export to the U.S.

#### **Humane Transport**

The HSUS provided extensive comments to the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service regarding their proposed Humane Wildlife Transport Regulations. The proposed regulations resulted from a lawsuit brought by The HSUS. We are awaiting the final regulations.

#### **Elephants and CITES**

The HSUS continued to pressure the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service to designate the African elephant as an endangered species. In preparation for the upcoming Convention on the International Trade in Endangered Species (CITES) meeting in March, The HSUS began the fight to retain the current international ban on the commercial trade in elephant ivory. We worked closely with the Investigations section to investigate the illegal and destructive trade in ivory. Finally, we continued to work toward restricting commercial trade in other



endangered and threatened species and to monitor the effectiveness of CITES regulations.

### Wild Horses

Our efforts to protect wild horses increased again this year. We filed a lawsuit to stop an illegal wild horse roundup in the Pryor Mountains of Montana, assisted BLM efforts to place adoptable horses removed from the Nellis range in Nevada, and opposed numerous roundups and other destructive management plans.

### Marine Mammals

The HSUS placed considerable focus on protection of marine mammals, both in the wild and in captivity. We submitted comments opposing the taking of marine mammals from the wild for public display. In response to a more than 60 percent mortality rate of killer whales in captivity, The HSUS urged the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS) to initiate an investigation into the care and maintenance of killer whales in captivity.

We conducted a successful letter-writing campaign that helped to halt the proposed slaughter of fur seals off the coast of South Africa.

The HSUS continued to monitor the subsistence kill of North Pacific fur seals and filed a lawsuit to stop the killing when natives killed seals wastefully. Although a temporary restraining order was denied, we are now preparing to fully investigate and document wasteful killing to ensure that all seals killed are truly needed and used for subsistence and to

ensure that the killing is limited as much as possible.

### People/Wildlife Problems

In response to the demand for humane solutions to problems caused by interaction of urban/suburban wildlife and humans, we published the *Pocket Guide to The Humane Control of Wildlife in Cities and Towns* to help people solve wildlife-related problems in their communities. This book experienced phenomenal success, was sold out, and is being reprinted. We are also actively working, through publications and seminars, to disseminate information on solving problems with urban wildlife.

### LABORATORY ANIMALS

Martin L. Stephens, Vice President

The HSUS continued to play a leading role in advocating humane alternatives to animal research and testing. We lobbied for increased Congressional appropriations for the development of alternative testing methods at the federal National Toxicology Program. We launched our Russell and Burch awards program, which recognizes outstanding scientific contributions to the advancement of alternative methods. The first such award was bestowed during our 1991 conference. We worked with the American College of Sports Medicine (ACSM)--a professional society of more than 12,000 physicians, scientists, physical therapists, educators, and others in the fields of sports medicine and exercise science--to put together a pioneering

joint symposium on alternatives in sports medicine research, which was held during the ACSM's annual conference. We also continued to meet with high-level federal administrators and industry representatives to discuss the advancement of alternatives.

When non-animal methods have developed to the point where they can supplant traditional animal tests, The HSUS has sought to eliminate such animal tests. This was our rationale for testifying in support of several state bills that would limit or ban animal tests of cosmetics or household products.

The HSUS surmounted a significant hurdle in our lawsuit to compel the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) to begin protecting mice, rats, and birds under the Animal Welfare Act. The court denied the government's motion to have the case dismissed and ruled that The HSUS and its main co-plaintiff have the necessary legal standing to bring the suit. The HSUS also took a lead role in working to have the USDA strengthen humane standards for dogs, cats, and nonhuman primates under the Act. Our role included submitting lengthy comments to the USDA, publicizing our point of view through the media, and meeting with USDA officials.

The HSUS recently formed a Scientific Advisory Council consisting of physicians, Ph.D. scientists, and veterinarians drawn from the ranks of the HSUS' membership and dedicated to the protection of animals. The Council has already begun to play an important role in several projects that are underway in the Laboratory Animals section.

## ENVIRONMENT

Jan A. Hartke, Vice President

The Environment section of The HSUS has sought to advance the agenda of humane and sustainable development, while focusing on animal protection of both individuals and species. Our message, that compassion towards all animals must be an integral part of an embracing environmental ethic, is striking chords in new arenas of activity.

The HSUS section on Environment has addressed the principal threats to biodiversity, the human population explosion, the failure to implement a plan for a renewable and sustainable energy structure, the destructive consequences of a meat centered diet on ecological support systems, and the urgent need to instill a compassionate environmental ethic.

The Environment section took a leadership role in initiating and advocating a Population Priority Statement whose purpose is to underscore, for the first time, the consensus judgement of environmental organizations that "the increase in population and in resource consumption are basic causes of human suffering and environmental degradation and must become major priorities for national and international action." As of September 1991, one hundred and sixty-eight national organizations and notable individuals, including Nobel Prize winners, joined together to emphasize that a sustainable, humane future depends on recognizing the common ground between population and the environment. The statement has been transmitted to

President Bush.

Additionally, the Environment section has been in the forefront of the effort to promote renewable energy technologies and, with the Pennsylvania State Energy Office, unveiled the world's first hydrogen fuel cell car which emitted no pollution whatsoever. The HSUS has been working to promote policies which will reduce the disastrous effects of global warming, acid rain, rainforest destruction, and other threats to animals which are caused by the failure to implement a safe, humane, renewable energy strategy. The National Lt. Governor's Association, the International Unitarian Church Association, and major National Energy Conference have also looked to the Environment section of The HSUS for its expertise on the energy crisis and the threat to biodiversity.

The Environment section of The HSUS also was asked to participate in a joint United Nations and World Bank Conference that examined the connections between investment strategies and environmental trends, with particular emphasis on the impact of unsustainable development patterns on biodiversity. In this connection, The HSUS continues to work with Green Seal, Inc. and the Coalition for Environmentally Responsible Economies, both of which are striving to affect corporate behavior through the power of the consumer and the environmentally conscious shareholder.

Our section has been in the vanguard of the developing concern regarding the impact of diet as it relates to animal welfare and environmental consequences. Members of The HSUS

have appeared on ground-breaking national television shows which seek to educate the public on the importance of "eating with conscience". The HSUS, for example, has helped to bring out the connection between the disappearance of rainforests, the spread of deserts, and the overgrazing of cattle.

The HSUS Environment section has continued to work in partnership with several major environmental organizations to advance not only sustainable development, but also humane development. For instance, The HSUS is represented on the Board of Directors of the Global Tomorrow Coalition, the largest environmental umbrella organization in the United States. In addition, The HSUS is represented on the Board of Renew America and the National Environmental Awards Council, which seek out, identify, and give national recognition to models of environmental success around the country. The awards for these citizen efforts were presented at several embassies. The Chairman of the President's Council on Environmental Quality as well as the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency were participants.

The Secretary of Interior has requested that the Environment section of The HSUS be represented on his Take Pride in America Advisory Board. The purpose of this Board, which is composed of leaders of some of the largest organizations in the country, is to instill an environmental ethic in local communities across the nation. The HSUS is working with this group to insure that humane considerations will be at the core of this effort.

Work has also be done in conjunction with the United States Information Agency where we were asked to participate in a series of conferences, seminars, lectures, and meetings with top environmental organizations and major government leaders in Germany, Romania, and Brazil. The arduous schedule included meeting with Fabio Feldman, a leading environmentalist who wrote the environmental provisions into the Brazilian constitution, the Mayor of Heidelberg who has been an innovator in promoting a renewable energy plan, and the Minister of Environment for Romania who is seeking to establish a center to save biodiversity in Eastern Europe.

Throughout these countries, The HSUS message of a compassionate environmental ethic was conveyed through national television appearances, dozens of newspaper interviews, and radio coverage. The Environment section of The HSUS has sent materials and information about the plight of animals and the destruction of their habitat to universities and newly established environmental groups in these other countries who look to us for leadership.

The Environment section has also continued to work on legislation, particularly those bills relating to biodiversity. The extinction of species is accelerating, and according to the President's Council on Environmental Quality, we are facing the potential loss of one-half of all the species that now inhabit the earth. Since the extinction of a species is irreversible, The HSUS will continue to do all in its power to protect, defend, and save the biological diversity of the planet.

## YOUTH EDUCATION

Patty A. Finch, Vice President

The National Association for Humane and Environmental Education (NAHEE) is the youth education division of The HSUS. NAHEE directs the development and production of publications and teaching materials designed to bring a humane perspective to the education of young people. NAHEE is committed to assisting children in developing attitudes of respect and responsibility toward all that lives, including an appreciation for environmental problems and their impact on people and animals.

### Elementary Education

*KIND News*, the student newspaper that teaches kindness to animals, people, and the Earth, continues to be a primary focus of NAHEE's outreach to young people. During the past school year, *KIND News* became a four-color publication, further ensuring its appeal to young audiences. This year's *KIND News* publications included an 80-page *KIND Teacher* magazine full of worksheets and activities for use by teachers, an educational poster for classroom display, and 32 *KIND Club I.D.* cards for youngsters.

Currently, *KIND News* regularly goes out to more than 300,000 youngsters across the nation with a humane message each month during the school year. The October issue of *KIND News* reached more than two million students through a special



partnership with EarthKind and Philips Lighting Company. ✓  
Devoted to the problems posed by carbon dioxide and the greenhouse effect, this special issue was received by at least one teacher in every public elementary school in the country. NAHEE is actively pursuing similar partnership opportunities with additional corporate sponsors.

NAHEE continues to receive major assistance with the distribution of its educational materials from a large number of dedicated senior volunteers who help with bulk mailings, envelope stuffing, and children's correspondence.

### Secondary Education

This year saw unprecedented expansion of NAHEE's role in secondary education. The position of Director of Secondary Education was created to initiate widespread outreach to secondary teachers and their students. Secondary level activities have included the publication of *The HSUS Student Action Guide*, a newspaper-style manual to help junior and senior high school students form and run their own earth/animal protection clubs in their school or community. The new guide also contains an application form that teens can use to join The HSUS as student members and thereby receive timely information on animal protection and environmental issues of concern to them and to their club members. ✓

Also at the secondary level, NAHEE began publication of the *Student Network News (SNN)*, an insert in the HSUS's *Animal Activist Alert*. SNN is designed to facilitate networking among student activists and earth/animal protection clubs nationwide. ✓

It contains profiles of activists and student clubs' suggestions for club activities and lists the names and addresses of student clubs from across the country. As in the past, NAHEE continues to disseminate a wide range of information on alternatives to dissection in science classes. ✓

### National Outreach

This year NAHEE substantially increased promotion of the Adopt-A-Teacher partnership program through which *KIND News* is made available to students across the nation. Also during the past year, the Adopt-A-Teacher program itself was honored as the recipient of the Merit for Collaborative Alliances Award sponsored by the *Partnerships in Education Journal*.

Through NAHEE, The Humane Society of the United States continues to help underwrite the cost of *KIND News* subscriptions offered through the Adopt-A-Teacher program, forming partnerships with local animal protection organizations such as humane societies that wish to supply *KIND News* to area teachers. NAHEE has formed the same type of partnership with a number of corporate sponsors, as well as hundreds of member clubs of the General Federation of Women's Clubs (GFWC). The GFWC participation in the Adopt-A-Teacher program is being honored at the Global Assembly of Women and the Environment. Through these partnerships, thousands of classrooms continue to receive *KIND News* monthly at no cost to the teachers themselves or to their school districts.

NAHEE's increased promotional efforts resulted in positive write-ups this past year in such mainstream publications as

*Cats Magazine*, *Country Living*, *Mothering Magazine*, and *E (The Environmental) Magazine*. *E Magazine* in particular hailed *KIND News* and *KIND Teacher* as "model programs." Through such outreach, NAHEE strives to ensure that humane attitudes become a viable part of mainstream education and environmental perspectives. ✓

NAHEE continues to promote humane values on the part of classroom educators through its annual National Humane Education Teacher of the Year award and its teacher seminars and workshops around the country. This year saw the publication of the *KIND Workshop Leader's Guide*, a 35-page guide for educators and others who wish to give an introductory workshop for teachers on humane and environmental education. The guide includes step-by-step instructions for giving a successful workshop and numerous handouts. In addition, NAHEE routinely answers thousands of letters each year providing support and consultation to concerned educators as well as students. NAHEE continues to monitor and evaluate new children's books, children's magazines and newspapers, as well as all major elementary and secondary teaching magazines and newspapers to encourage the promotion of humane values in publications other than our own.

NAHEE remains the only organization with an animal protection emphasis represented on the national committee of the American Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM), the purpose of which is to develop national standards for environmental education. NAHEE continues to strive to ensure that ✓

important concepts such as preservation of biological diversity and attitudes of reverence for life are included in the national environmental education standards. Similarly, NAHEE continues to serve in an advisory capacity in the development of the California State Department of Education's Environmental Curriculum Project, one of the first such comprehensive statewide environmental curricula to be developed in the country.

### International Outreach

On the international scene, NAHEE continued to provide support for the Humane Education Project in Costa Rica, working with both the World Society for the Protection of Animals (WSPA) and the Costa Rican Ministry of Education. Following completion of the initial pilot phase of the program, newly revised curriculum guides were introduced this past spring in sixty classrooms across Costa Rica. In his unprecedented declaration, Costa Rican President Calderon cited the project as "one of the important elements" of Costa Rica's new commitment to environmental protection. He further stated that the project "represents our philosophy in a concrete way by promoting children's feelings of compassion and responsibility for all living things. The environmental ethic which we desire for our society needs to be promoted from an early age..." It is hoped that, as the project is expanded, it will set an example for the development of humane education programs throughout Latin America and elsewhere in the world.

NAHEE's Spanish brochure on using humane education to

identify victims of child abuse ("Rompiendo El Ciclo Del Abuso") is currently being distributed in South America as well as the United States. Over the past year, NAHEE also provided materials and/or recommendations to humane and environmental education efforts in Hungary, Latvia, Cuba, India, Senegal, Kenya, Greece, Portugal, Mexico, England, Canada, Australia, and New Zealand. NAHEE remains committed to offering assistance with curriculum and materials development to both beginning and established humane and environmental education programs around the world. ✓

**CENTER FOR RESPECT OF LIFE AND ENVIRONMENT**

Richard M. Clugston, Director

(Vice President, Higher Education)

The Center for Respect of Life and Environment (CRLE) fosters an ethic of compassion toward all sentient beings and respect for the integrity of nature. The Center has taken significant steps in the past year to implement the following five projects designed to increase concern for animals and the Earth among faculty, students, and practicing professionals.

**Academic Institutions in the Earth Community**

Through this program, CRLE encourages colleges and universities to develop curricula, campus-wide programs, and outreach services that are ecologically sound, socially just, and humane. A *Green Guide to Colleges and Universities* is being prepared to assist students in selecting the colleges and ✓

universities that have taken the most significant steps toward becoming humane and sustainable. It will spell out the critical dimensions of "greenness" and describe exemplary post-secondary institutions.

As the Higher Education division of The HSUS, the Center also responds to the many requests for information on careers working with animals and on animal and earth activism at the college level. We are developing resource materials to educate faculty and students concerning animal and environmental protection issues.

#### Religion in an Ecological Age

Through this project, CRLE is considering the implications of the ecological crisis for theology and religious ethics. Prominent Christian ecological theologians have agreed to serve as advisors to the CRLE-sponsored project "Christian Responsibility in an Ecological Age: Toward a Humane Sustainable Church for the Twenty-First Century." These theologians have contributed various course materials and will join experts on humane sustainable living to develop a core ecological curriculum for seminaries.

CRLE is co-sponsoring a conference on sustainable communities with the EcoJustice Project of the Center for Religion, Ethics and Social Policy at Cornell University. This conference, to be held in the spring of 1992, will showcase community designs and processes for living in harmony with our fellow human beings, animals, and nature.

With the publication of *Speaking for the Earth: Nature's*

*Law and the Aboriginal Way*, the Center has completed its three-part monograph series presenting different spiritual perspectives on animals and nature. The first publication, *St. Francis of Assisi, Animals and Nature*, has been reprinted to meet increasing demand. The second in the series is *Animal Welfare and Nature: Hindu Scriptural Perspectives*. Another publication, *The State of the Animals* will appear in 1992 in *Good News for Animals? Contemporary Christian Approaches to Animal Well-Being* (Jay McDaniel, ed., Orbis Press).

CRLE participated in drafting committees of the International Coordinating Committee on Religion and the Earth and the North American Coalition on Religion and Ecology to frame an Earth Charter and a practical agenda for the United Nations' Earth Summit (to be held in June, 1992, in Rio de Janeiro, Brazil). At this summit, representatives of governmental and non-governmental organizations will struggle to develop a more biocentric ethic and set policies and directions for sustainable development. The Center strives to connect the increasing concern for life and the environment with specific programs to reduce animal suffering.

#### **A Land Ethic in the Land-Use Professions**

This collaboration with professionals concerned with human settlements, agricultural land, and natural areas, draws on the work of environmental philosophers as well as professionals developing sustainable land uses and promotes an ethic in which the Earth is viewed as life community rather than exploitable commodity. A survey of current land-ethic based theory and

practice in the planning field has been completed. This survey has identified those faculty, programs, and courses with a particular concern for life and the environment. These faculty will contribute to curriculum materials and symposia which encourage the centrality of a land ethic and sustainable practices in the land professions.

### The Arts and the Earth

This project emphasizes that the earth is the realm of the senses, of feeling, movement, and imagination. The arts are indispensable to the task of connecting with the depth of life and feeling in animals and nature. "In Harmony With Nature" has begun to recruit classical musicians to speak and perform on behalf of the earth. It is also enlisting leaders in the environmental movement to lecture at conservatories and music conferences and to help develop an ecologically sensitive curriculum for music schools.

In addition, CRLE has become the publisher of *Earth Ethics*, "a quarterly publication that examines the basic assumptions, attitudes, and beliefs that underlie our relationship with the natural world as we evolve toward an earth community." *Earth Ethics* is an established forum for the leading voices and ideas related to an emerging earth ethic. In addition to presenting these perspectives, this publication will report on CRLE and other efforts to foster a biocentric ethic and the humane sustainable practices which embody them. Through this publication, a broad audience will be invited to become Friends of the Center.